

Premium IOL Success

*Aligning Clinical Outcomes with
Patient Expectations*



Expert Insight:

Presenter Credentials & Experience

David F. Anderson FRCOphth FEBO FWCRS PhD MB BS

Consultant Ophthalmic Surgeon | Senior Lecturer

University Hospital Southampton NHS FT | University of Southampton
| Nuffield Wessex Hospital

Founder and Director | Anderson Eye Care

FD: Carl Zeiss Meditec, Alcon Labs

**Clinical
Clarity For
Collaborative
Care**

Introductions:

First Impressions Count

- First Impressions Shape Outcomes
- Slow the Pace: Engage Before You Examine
- Build Rapport Through Shared Understanding
- See the Person, Not Just the Patient
- Explore What They Say They Want — and What They Truly Expect
- Define What Success Looks Like — and What It Doesn't



Introductions:

First Impressions Count

- Define Success in Functional Terms — Not Just Visual Acuity
- Map Daily Tasks to Working Distances
- Evaluate Risk Tolerance and Night Driving Demands
- Recognise High-Value Activities That Influence Satisfaction
- Align IOL Optics with Dominant Lifestyle Priorities
- Remain Open to Non-IOL Refractive Alternatives When Better Suited



Choice & Clinical Guidance

From Options to Recommendation



**Position Yourself
as the Clinical
Expert**

*Patients seek
guidance, not just
options*



**Make a Clear,
Individualised
Recommendation**

*Including referral
where appropriate*



**Recognise the
Wider Influence
Network**

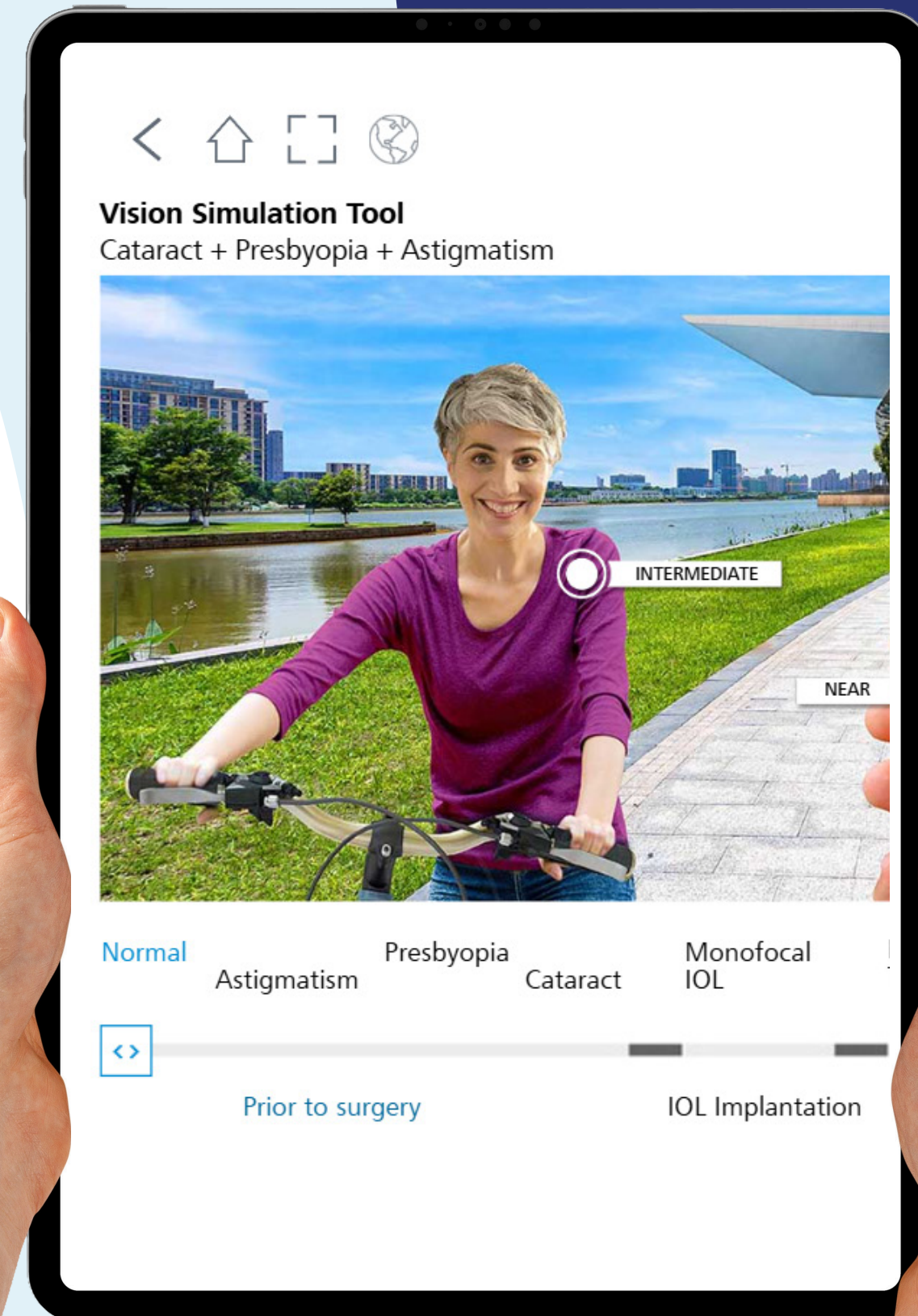
*Who else will
shape their
expectations –
partner, friends,
online forums?*

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Enhancing Patient Communication:

Visualising Outcomes for Patients

- Use Questionnaires: capture lifestyle, work, and visual priorities.
- Guide Dialogue: start discussion, explore nuance, clarify assumptions.
- Leverage Visual Tools: simulate focus ranges, halos, glare, and contrast.
- Show, Don't Just Tell: defocus charts, distance markers, and task demo.
- Combine Modalities: verbal, written, and visual info reinforces understanding.



Planning Ahead:

Managing the Unexpected

- **Confident in Analysing Astigmatic Surprises?**
Assess residual cylinder and plan correction strategies
- **Supplementary IOLs vs Alternatives**
When is a piggyback IOL appropriate?
- **Comfort with IOL Exchange Procedures**
Know your indications, limitations, and referral thresholds
- **Post-Op Correction Strategies**
Non-toric IOLs plus laser enhancements as a pathway
- **Resources for Guidance**
www.astigmatismfix.com – tools and case examples



Supplementary Information:
Patient Tools & Resources

- Online Tools from Zeiss, Johnson & Johnson, Alcon
Interactive resources to support patient understanding
- Customized Patient Information
Tailored for your clinic and patient base
- Relevant Guidelines
Align with NICE standards for best practice



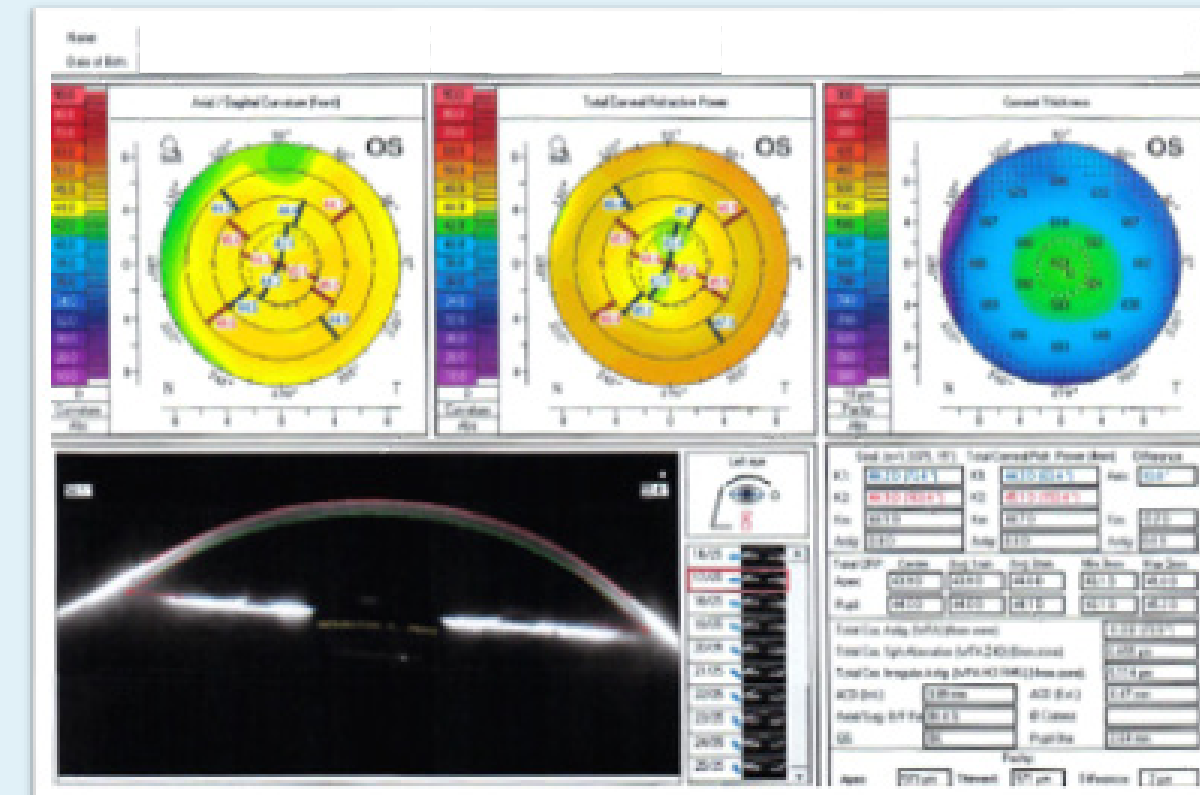
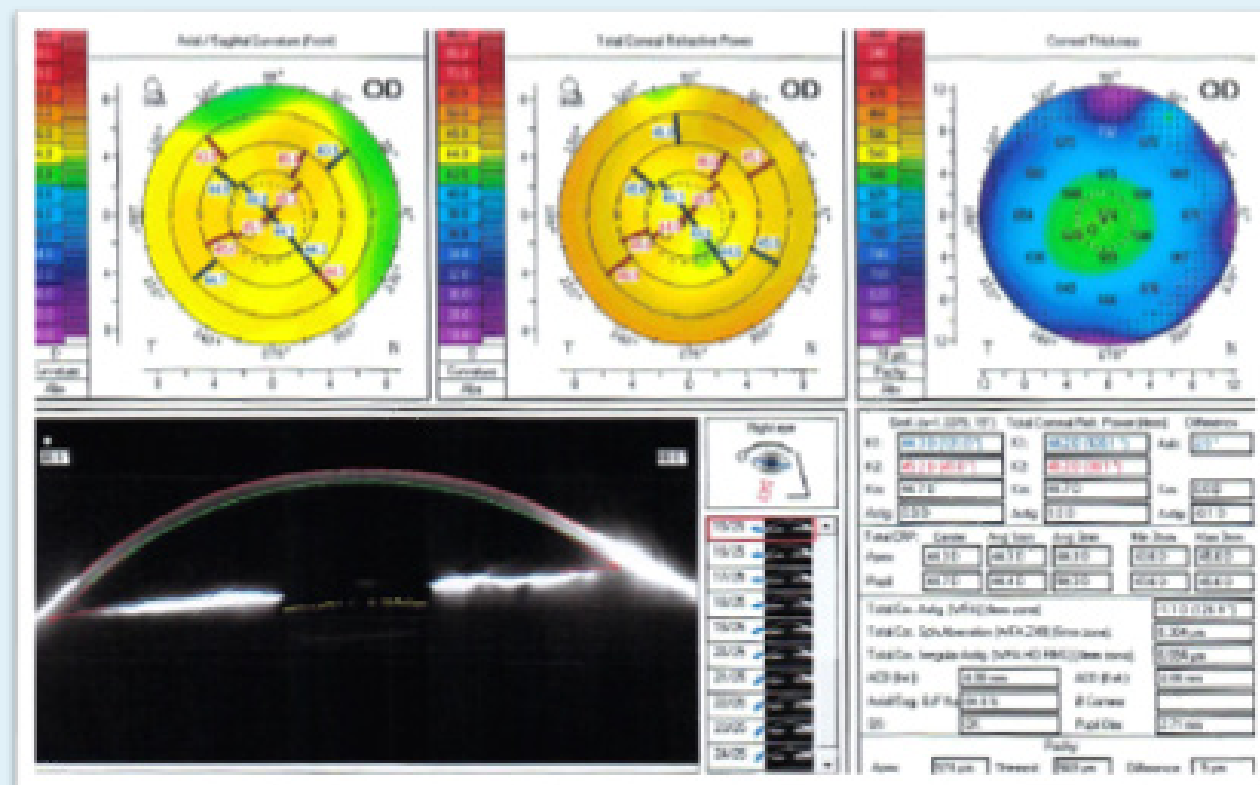
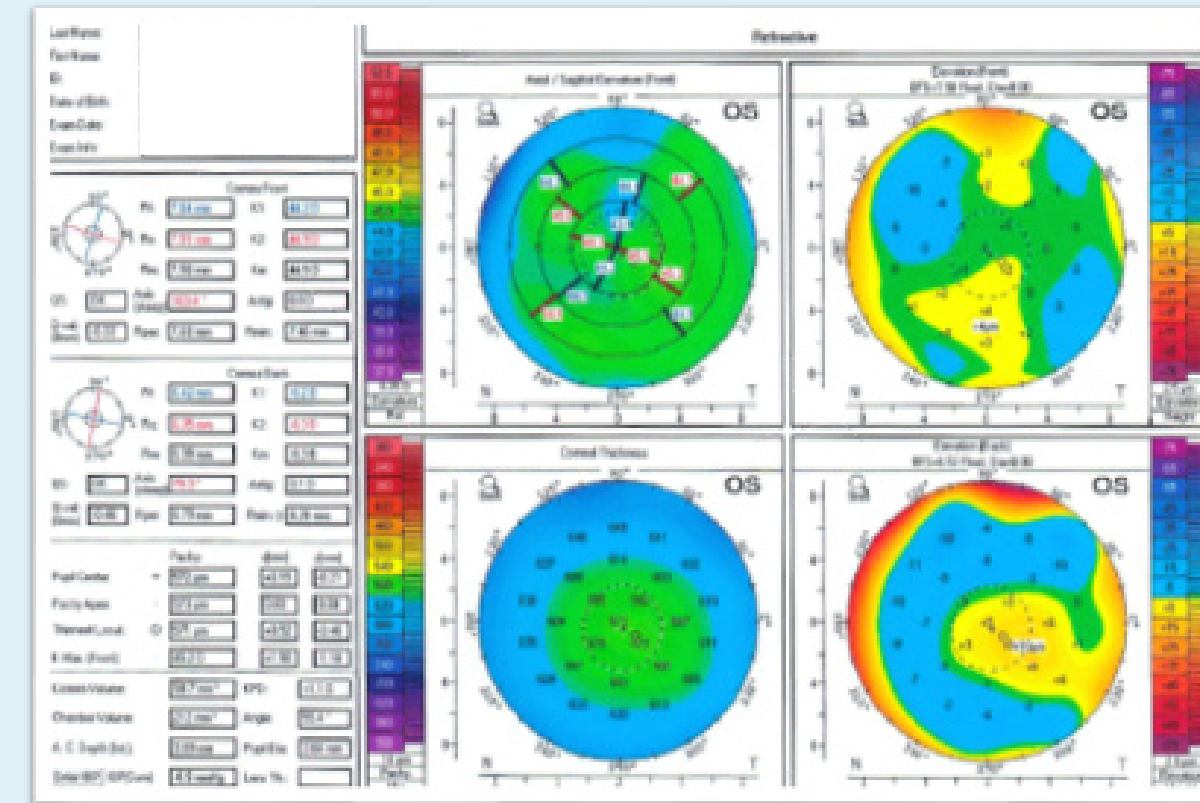
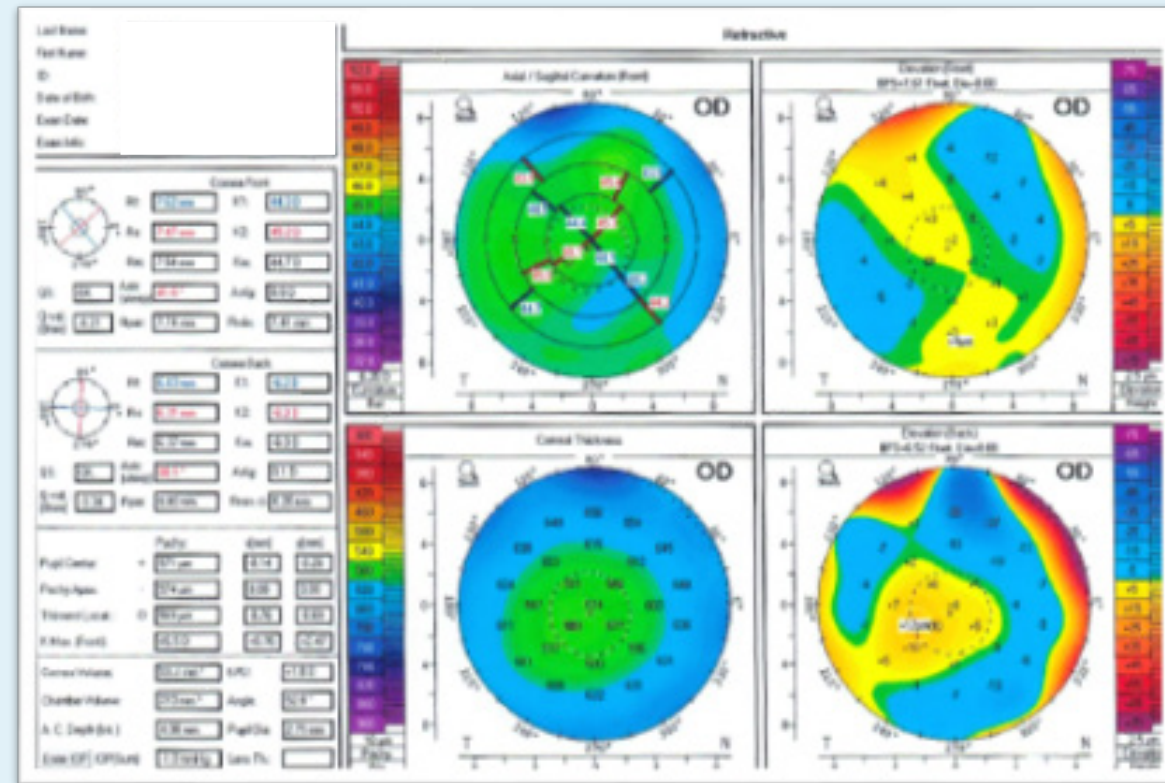
Challenging Case

Multi-focal Dilemma

- History: Bilateral bifocal IOLs, 6 years ago (+3.0DS add)
- Symptoms: 'Fuzzy vision', frequent squinting, avoiding night driving
- Clinical Findings: BCVA 0.3 OD / 0.2 OS (logMAR), bilateral IOL opacification
- Patient Goal: Wants IOL exchange for multifocal solution
- Discussion Points:
 - Assess suitability for multifocal replacement
 - Risks vs benefits (visual phenomena, neuroadaptation)
 - Managing expectations given prior experience and age

OD right		Biometric values						OS left			
LS: Pseudophakic; VS: Vitreous body			LS: Pseudophakic; VS: Vitreous body			LS: Pseudophakic; VS: Vitreous body					
AL:	22.38 mm	(SD = 12 µm)	AL:	22.50 mm	(SD = 8 µm)	AL:	22.50 mm	(SD = 8 µm)			
ACD:	4.44 mm	(SD = 5 µm)	ACD:	4.41 mm	(SD = 9 µm)	ACD:	4.41 mm	(SD = 9 µm)			
LT:	1.03 mm	(SD = 14 µm)	LT:	0.99 mm	(SD = 11 µm)	LT:	0.99 mm	(SD = 11 µm)			
AL	ACD	LT	AL	ACD	LT	AL	ACD	LT			
22.35 mm	4.44 mm	1.04 mm	22.50 mm	4.40 mm	0.98 mm	22.50 mm	4.40 mm	0.98 mm			
22.36 mm	4.44 mm	1.04 mm	22.50 mm	4.42 mm	0.99 mm	22.50 mm	4.42 mm	0.99 mm			
22.37 mm	4.44 mm	1.02 mm	22.49 mm	4.41 mm	0.99 mm	22.49 mm	4.41 mm	0.99 mm			
22.38 mm	4.44 mm	1.01 mm	22.50 mm	4.40 mm	0.99 mm	22.50 mm	4.40 mm	0.99 mm			
22.37 mm	4.44 mm	1.02 mm	22.50 mm	4.39 mm	0.99 mm	22.50 mm	4.39 mm	0.99 mm			
22.37 mm	4.44 mm	1.03 mm	22.50 mm	4.40 mm	0.98 mm	22.50 mm	4.40 mm	0.98 mm			
Keratometry values											
n: 1.3375											
SE:	44.69 D	(SD = 1 µm)	SE:	44.78 D	(SD = 4 µm)	SE:	44.69 D	(SD = 4 µm)			
K1:	44.45 D	@ 132° (SD = 1 µm)	K1:	44.22 D	@ 70° (SD = 3 µm)	K1:	44.22 D	@ 70° (SD = 3 µm)			
K2:	44.94 D	@ 42° (SD = 2 µm)	K2:	45.35 D	@ 160° (SD = 5 µm)	K2:	45.35 D	@ 160° (SD = 5 µm)			
Δ D:	-0.48 D	@ 132°	Δ D:	-1.14 D	@ 70°	Δ D:	-1.14 D	@ 70°			
R:	7.55 mm	SE: 44.69 D	R:	7.53 mm	SE: 44.80 D	R:	7.53 mm	SE: 44.80 D			
Δ D:	-0.48 D	@ 132°	Δ D:	-1.14 D	@ 70°	Δ D:	-1.14 D	@ 70°			
R:	7.55 mm	SE: 44.70 D	R:	7.54 mm	SE: 44.79 D	R:	7.54 mm	SE: 44.79 D			
Δ D:	-0.50 D	@ 132°	Δ D:	-1.15 D	@ 70°	Δ D:	-1.15 D	@ 70°			
R:	7.55 mm	SE: 44.69 D	R:	7.54 mm	SE: 44.75 D	R:	7.54 mm	SE: 44.75 D			
Δ D:	-0.47 D	@ 133°	Δ D:	-1.12 D	@ 70°	Δ D:	-1.12 D	@ 70°			
Central corneal thickness											
CCT:	575 µm	(SD = 3 µm)	CCT:	579 µm	(SD = 4 µm)	CCT:	579 µm	(SD = 4 µm)			
575 µm	576 µm	573 µm	575 µm	578 µm	582 µm	575 µm	578 µm	582 µm			
576 µm	572 µm	575 µm	579 µm	581 µm	580 µm	579 µm	581 µm	580 µm			
White-to-white and pupil values (Chang-Waring Chord)											
WTW:	12.0 mm	Ix: +0.6 mm	Iy: +0.4 mm	WTW:	12.2 mm	Ix: -0.5 mm	Iy: +0.2 mm	WTW:	12.2 mm	Ix: -0.5 mm	Iy: +0.2 mm
P:	5.1 mm	Px: +0.4 mm	Py: +0.2 mm	P:	4.1 mm	Px: -0.2 mm	Py: +0.4 mm	P:	4.1 mm	Px: -0.2 mm	Py: +0.4 mm
Reference image											

Challenging Case Multi-focal Dilemma



Balancing Expectations

Multi-focal Dilemma

STAGE 1

- Structured Counselling Process – explore motivation, prior experience, and tolerance to risk
- Discuss the Excess Risks of IOL Exchange. (*capsular compromise, zonular weakness, refractive unpredictability*)
- Clarify Potential Outcomes
- Including the possibility of a monofocal result if required intra-operatively

STAGE 2

- Proceeding with Caution
- Right eye exchange performed
- In-the-Bag Exchange to AT LISA Tri.
- Allow Time for Reflection

STAGE 3

- Second consultation prior to surgery
- Keep Follow-Up Efficient but Focused
- Set Realistic Post-Operative Expectations
- Plan for Enhancement if Needed (*e.g. LASIK refinement*)

Case Outcome

Outcome – 6 Months

Right Eye (OD)

- UDVA: 0.2 logMAR
- Refraction: $-0.50 / -0.75 \times 123$
- Near Vision:
- N8 @ 40cm
- N4.5 @ 30cm

Left Eye (OS) EDOF

- UDVA: 0.0 logMAR
- Near Vision:
- N8 @ 40cm
- N4.5 @ 30cm

Patient Feedback: “Clear vision”

Patient Satisfaction: Very happy





Key Takeaways:

What Drives Premium IOL Success?

- Patient Selection is Everything
- Expectations Shape Satisfaction
- Communication Reduces Complications
- Residual Refractive Error Matters Most
- Confident Recommendation Builds Patient Confidence

Right Patient. Right Lens. Right Conversation.

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Continue the Conversation:
Advancing Together



Strengthen
professional
collaboration



Share cases
and real-world
outcomes



Engage with
new education
sessions

*Join us in shaping
more predictable, patient-centred refractive outcomes.*

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